

The Standard
NEW OFFICES
155-156-157-158
Job Printing of every description done
in the very best style.

Politeama Argentino
EMPRESA A MORENO Y CA.
Temporada de Primavera

NUEVA
Comp. Ecuestre Italiana
Natalie Guillaume
DEUTSCHE
Sing - Akademie
IN BUENOS AIRES

Wiederbegeben der Uebungen am Freitag, den
7. October im Coliseum. e 49 07

LETT'S
Pocket Diaries for 1882
JOHN GRANT
69—Calle Cangallo—69
e 61 08

LETT'S
Scribbling Diary for 1882
JOHN GRANT
69—Calle Cangallo—69
e 61 08

TEA
At 12 p. lb.
At 14 do
At 16 do
At 18 do
At 20 do
At 22 do
At 24 do
At 26 do
At 28 do
At 30 do

Try our Teas, and you will
find that the quality is far in
advance of the price.

Bazar Ingles
189 FLORIDA 189
N.B.—For Bazar goods,
please see 3rd page. e 181 m2

British Cemetery.
Proprietors of ground in the British Cemetery,
on which no headstones is placed, are
requesting to call upon the Hon. Treasurer
Mr. C. H. Knapp, No. 36 San Martin, in order
that their holdings may be correctly located on
a new plan of the Cemetery, which is being
made.
By Order of the Committee,
G. H. TUCKER,
Hon. Sec.
270 056

Alambre de Patente.
Campana Extra No. 6 resistencia 2186 lbs.
Do Acero No. 6 3307
Do No. 7 3773
Do No. 8 3206
Potes y medio pates reforzados de fandi-
dubay.
De pinto tes y maderas duras y de 4 alamb-
res.
Torniquetes de todas clases.
Jorge Bell e hijos.
297—Defensa—303

The Blagden Dip
(FLUIDO BLAGDEN)
MARCA DEL SOL
JEYES
DIP
REGISTRADA

Manufactured
Jeyes Sanitary
Compounds Co., Limited

The cheapest and most effective
cure for scab on sheep. It is guaranteed
free from poison, contains
eighty p. cent of active ingredients
and may be mixed with 100 parts of
cold water.
Sole Agents
Thomas Blagden & Co.
126—Rivadavia—126

Al Comercio
Participo al comercio que he establecido un
negocio de Barrios y frutos del pais bajo la
razon de
J. W. MULLER
en la Calle Jujuy No. 17. Once de Setiembre,
Se. As. Octubre 1881.
Jor. Wm. Muller.
66 8p

Partido de Lincoln
Superior camp for sale on the railway line,
quality guaranteed, cheap, and payments easy.
See 2 s Livingston, 31 San Martin. e 5 08

SE ALQUILAN
Fiestas en los dos grandes edificios Calle
Reconquista 212 y Chacabuco 105.
e 72 3p

TO LET a fine furnished room with or with-
out board in the house of quiet family.
Corrientes 281.
CUCINI RA, se necesita una buena. Calle
Libertad 678.
63 3p

LETTERS LIVING AT THIS OFFICE
Mr. J. Jones
Miss Mary
Miss Katie Ryan
Mr. H. Higgins
Mr. P. Gann [2]
de la Pava
Madame L. Charle
Miss Bridget Whitty



Royal Mail Steam Packet
Company
FOR ANTWERP
FOR
HAVRE

NEVA
Commander W. GILLIES
30,20 Tons, 600 Horsepower
Will sail on the

15th of October
Taking cargo and passengers for
RIO JANEIRO
BAHIA
MACAO
PERNAMBUCO
LISBON
SOUTHAMPTON
and HAVRE

The Company's splendid and favorably
known steamer
Commander
ELBE
3,063 Tons, 600 Horsepower.
To sail on the

October 29th
Taking cargo and passengers for
SANTOS
RIO JANEIRO
BAHIA
PERNAMBUCO
LISBON
VIA
SOUTHAMPTON
and ANTWERP

TELEGRAPH PASSAGES TO PARIS (single and
return) granted by all the ROYAL MAIL
steamers.
The above steamers will carry 1st, 2nd, and
3rd class passengers at
REDUCED RATES
Mails, Speed, Cargo and Parcels to all the
above ports and

THROUGH TICKETS
are granted to Antwerp and Havre.
These steamers are provided with every
accommodation for carrying passengers, and
timberline is given to all classes.
REDUCED TICKETS
Are granted to 1st class passengers with re-
duction of 25 p. cent on passage money.
FAMILIES AND COMPANIES
A considerable reduction is made in their
favor.
Persons wishing to bring out their friends
from Europe can arrange with the Company's
Agent on reasonable terms.
For further particulars apply to the Agent
HENRY A. GREEN,
Or to
HENRY L. GREEN, Broker,
175—Reconquista—175

L'pool Brazil and R.P.
Steamers
LAMPART & HOLTS LINE
Departures from Buenos Ayres.
ANTWERP & LIVERPOOL.
[via Southampton] OCTOBER 8
FLATON. [via Rio Janeiro, Lisbon and Southampton] OCTOBER 11
ANTWERP & LIVERPOOL.
[via Rio Janeiro, Lisbon and Southampton] OCTOBER 11
LEIBNITZ. [via Rio Janeiro, Lisbon and Southampton] OCTOBER 11
[Carrying the Belgian Mails]
ANTWERP & LONDON.
[via Rio Janeiro, Lisbon and Southampton] OCTOBER 21
KEPLER. [via Rio Janeiro, Lisbon and Southampton] OCTOBER 21
[Carrying the Belgian Mails]
NEW YORK.
[via Rio Janeiro, Lisbon and Southampton] OCTOBER 27
TCHO BRAHE. [via Rio Janeiro, Lisbon and Southampton] OCTOBER 27
[Carrying the Belgian Mails]
ANTWERP & LIVERPOOL.
STRAID. [via Rio Janeiro, Lisbon and Southampton] OCTOBER 28
[Carrying the Belgian Mails]
ANTWERP & LIVERPOOL.
HUMBOLDT. [via Rio Janeiro, Lisbon and Southampton] NOVEMBER 1
[Carrying the Belgian Mails]
ANTWERP & LIVERPOOL.
HANDEL. [via Rio Janeiro, Lisbon and Southampton] NOVEMBER 8
[Carrying the Belgian Mails]
ANTWERP & LIVERPOOL.
[via Rio Janeiro, Lisbon and Southampton] NOVEMBER 11
GALILEO. [via Rio Janeiro, Lisbon and Southampton] NOVEMBER 11
[Carrying the Belgian Mails]
Cargo and passengers for New York will be
taken by the Steamer leaving this Port on the 1st,
1st and 11th of each month, via Rio Janeiro,
Porto, New York, Havre, Antwerp and London
in Great Britain, at reduced rates.
Tickets at reduced rates by steamers not
carrying mails, and reductions made in favor
of Families and Companies.
First class return-tickets, available for 12
months, at a reduction of one fourth.
Prepaid Passages issued at reduced rates to
those wishing to bring out friends.
These steamers carry surgeons and stewards.
Specie and Parcels received at the brokers
office till noon of day of sailing.
Insurances effected if desired.
Agents
E. Norton & Co.,
209 Reconquista—JOHN THOMPSON & Co.
BEWARE of all clumsy imitations of this
Original Fluid Dip!

FLUIDO LITTLE
THE CURE OF SORE
THE BEST DIP FOR
MORRIS LITTLE & SON
LONDON
UNICONS AGENTES
RUNCIMAN Y CO.
SANTO DOMINGO

Trade Mark. Registered.
Non poisonous, perfectly harmless in handling,
masses instantaneously in cold water: one
gallon fluid to 110 parts water.
Sold in Drums of 6 and 10 Gallons.
Casks of 40 " "

RUNCIMAN & CO.
73-CALLE PIEDAD-73
Van Gelderen y Trant
Traductores Publicos
108—PIEDAD—108

AUCTION
BY
A Bullrich y Ca.
14 leagues of land
IN
LINCOLN
On FRIDAY, 14th Inst.
At 3 p.m.

Will be sold 14 leagues of the best land West
of Lincoln, in lots of 1,000 hectares (about
2,500 acres) with right to take 10,000 hec-
tares. Each lot is being surveyed and 'mo-
nos' put down.
Bids of sale at the rate of \$4,000 per hec-
tare, about which amount can be put to Gov-
ernment in eight years' payments without
interest.
Any amount over \$4,000 per hectare to be
paid cash.
These magnificent camps are about the same
distance from Buenos Aires as the famous
Venado Tuerto lands, and are
guaranteed to be as good.

No sand, no médanos, beautiful undulating
land, capable of growing anything.
Such an opportunity as this for securing
the central lands, owners of two or three flocks
of sheep find it difficult to make a living, in
fact are toiling the whole year for such men to
become their own landlords.
European farmers do not require to be told
how easy it is to retire land when the soil is
good. In England all the lands would be
'pasture' if the land were not tilled and
grasses sown put in.
A shepherd and his ponies can make a run
for a flock of sheep in one year, raising trefail,
cardal and other grasses with care.
Now suppose that 10,000 hectares of the
land that we sell for \$4,000, the pur-
chaser can retire it in two years and make it
capable of carrying four flocks of sheep and
consequently worth \$16,000 per hectare, or
for what he paid \$4,000. So then, that we do
not exaggerate we will cite the Partido of
Baja as an example. A few years ago the
land there was all pasto fuerte, and was al-
most unsuitable. To-day there is land in
Baja worth \$2000 p. square, and probably
60 leagues worth \$1500 p. square. The same
old land of Pergamino, Chacabuco and
other Partidos where the soil is not sandy.
The Province of Buenos Aires will not sell
any more public lands discharging the amount
available to colonies, so that land, payable in
eight years will soon be a thing of the past.
To make these lands worth \$4,000 per hec-
tare we only require wire fences, to make
them worth \$6,000 a hectare, to make them
worth \$10,000 the price of the land is
worth 3,000,000 times, it is only a
question of time. While there is
becomes his own landlord, every man
yet time because the day is fast approaching
when land will be beyond the reach of the
poor man. Already two companies have been
formed in London to purchase land in Buenos
Aires, and before many years probably half
the land in the Argentine Republic will be in
the hands of English capitalists. Then will
be seen what is now common in Australia,
a league of good land worth \$8,000,000 m.p.
When we sold the 14 leagues of land at an
average of \$16,000,000 m.p. and said we
had 'clarified los Ingleses'. It is only
seven months since, and yet these lands have
advanced 25 per cent in value. Several
seguas have been sold at a smart profit, and
last week Mr. Edward W. Murphy, purchaser
of five leagues, returned \$200,000 per league
and expects to close the business at 250,000.
On Friday, 7th inst., the plans can be seen
at our office, Alina 78.
The magnificent statistics of Duggan, San-
ford, Grigg, Ham, Samson etc., lands
worth from \$1,000,000 to \$300,000, are only a
few leagues distant.
Purchasers paying cash will obtain 25 per
cent discount in the amount payable to Gov-
ernment.
e 3 015

Baltar & Quesada
En el local de la
Exposicion Rural
EN PALERMO
Varios cerdos de cria
RAZA BUSHIRE
3 Menadas Mestizas
Y YEGUAS CHILENAS ATRAS
El Viernes 7 del corriente
A las 3 de la tarde
Venderse por cuenta del Sr. D. Diego Car-
man un lote de cerdos y yeguas finas como
mismo una manada completa de yeguas
francesas mestizas y chilenas, ser-
vidas por un Trakener que ostenta a la yegua
de las manadas servidas por los padrinos
mestizos hijos del Shire y pertenecientes al
malogrado Sr. D. Pedro Corda.
e 45 67

European and American
NEWSPAPERS
and
PERIODICALS
Messrs. L. JACOBSEN & Co. have respon-
sibly to solicit orders for any class of the fol-
lowing, and to deliver them in the most prompt
manner, and at the lowest price.
The English, Irish, and Scotch papers come
by every English and French Mail steamer
leaving European Ports bound for Buenos Aires
or Montevideo.
In American publications the facilities and
circulation at both ends is particularly in-
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THE LONDON MONEY CRISIS.

As the Bank of England rate of discount is the greatest monarch of the age, affecting every country and every product, the following further remarks from the *Times*, on the sudden rise in the value of money in London, may interest most of our readers.

The *Times*, discussing the great drain in gold, says:—

The reasons of this great demand for gold can only be that in the United States there are fifty millions of people of great energy scattered over a wide area, whose demands would be great even in a compact and closely banked country like the United Kingdom, but are far greater than they would otherwise be on account of the dispersion. Unfortunately, also, the banking law of the United States is not favourable to the expansion of the note circulation of the banks, which to some extent, though not wholly, would satisfy the currency requirements of a country in a period of inflation. The community of the United States, occupied and dispersed as it is, and with its actual banking law, is, in truth, a new factor in the money market, as well as in the economic development of the modern world, and unless it changes quickly, we have yet to see what the full effect on our money market and its currency requirements from time to time will be.

It will be asked, perhaps, why the drain of gold to New York should disturb us so much; but here, also, the explanation is very simple. This is the third year of the drain, which began in the midst of the great cheapness of money incidental to the reaction after the City of Glasgow Bank crisis in 1878. At that time there was a great deal of surplus money throughout Western Europe. This surplus went to the United States, and the bankers and capitalists of Western Europe were rather glad to be rid of it. Last year, also, the Bank of France allowed its stock of gold bullion to be drawn upon to an extent which seemed rather injudicious, but which yet permitted the New York demand to be met without great pressure on this side. Some pressure ensued, and was a good deal felt, as will be remembered, at the beginning of the present year; but, on the whole, the relief given by the Bank of France was effective. Now, however, a drain begins without any of the former influences in favour of ease existing, and with various miscellaneous demands, such as the requirement of Italy for the abolition of its forced currency, pressing directly or indirectly on the market. While the Bank of England, then, commenced the present autumn with a reserve somewhat less in amount than that of the autumn of 1879, no external relief has been possible such as was given in these years, and the New York demand, though weaker than formerly, and a little later in beginning, has fallen on the Bank at once when it has come. Of course, when the reserves of banks are touched in this way the rates for money must rise. Certain writers on political economy are always preaching that business men attach too much importance to bullion movements, but every banker knows that the reserve is his life; that a sufficient proportion in cash must be kept against his liabilities, or he may fail; and hence when the reserve gets unduly low he must act in such a way as to restore the proportion—that is, he must raise his rates. The singular thing in the recent history, perhaps, is that money was so cheap three weeks ago. It could only have been so cheap because people in the market mistook the future, and did not allow sufficiently for the possibility of an American drain. The market is so delicate and the working of its mechanism so obscure that many who are engaged in the daily operations do not see or feel the effect of the causes influencing the reserve, by which, in fact, all their operations should be guided. But the causes are none the less surely operative, and if a change is unduly delayed it is all the more sharp and sudden.

What is now likely to be the course of the market? There can be no question, to all appearances, of the necessity of a further advance of the Bank rate. The reserve of £13,000,000 in the Bank of England is practically the reserve of the banking system of the United Kingdom; and although from the delicacy and vigor of the system this sum is really a sufficient guarantee for our enormous banking liabilities, estimated at something like £800,000,000, it is not an amount which can bear reduction. We have not only, however, this American drain to face, but in a few weeks our own autumn requirements would probably reduce the reserve by £2,000,000 or more. There appears, therefore, to be a clear necessity for so raising the rate as to attract a new supply sufficient to meet the varied calls on our cash reserve. But at what point a new supply will be attracted or the American drain checked is by no means clear. It is wholly uncertain what the American requirements will be, nor is it quite

clear what the consequences will be in the U. States of 'putting on the drag.' All we can tell is that the inflation there during the last two years has been enormous, the banking deposits, we are told, having increased £30,000,000 in the last twelve months. If such inflation is abruptly checked, as apparently it must be, this might have the effect of causing a sudden monetary demand on our market, which would be very serious, though eventually there would be more ease. We should thus be prepared for considerable demands, coming, perhaps, suddenly, as the present demands have done, although there is also fair reason to believe, just because the inflation appears at a 'maximum,' that the demands in the aggregate will not be so large as those of the last two years. At the same time it may be hoped that, in spite of some appearances to the contrary, a new supply of cash will be attracted with comparative ease. Usually, after the rates of money have been low for a long period, it is found that there is a great deal of 'loose money,' as the phrase is, which is attracted into the banks when rates become higher. It is only after this 'loose money' has been swept up that, with various demands upon cash reserves increasing, really stringent rates for money become possible. But how much loose money there now is can only be ascertained by experiment, and too much reliance ought not to be placed on the existence of any large quantity. It may possibly not be easy to replenish the reserve of the Bank, if there should be at all a serious drain to the United States.

COLON THEATRE.

MR. GREGOIRE AS MIGNON AND CLAIRETTE.

The regular visitors of the Colon Theatre were indeed very much disappointed last Saturday when seeing a notice put there that, Mlle. Marie being indisposed, Gregoire would sing the part of Mignon.

We never liked Gregoire's voice and only on one occasion did she please us before, and that was in the part she took of the Marjolaine; we expected to be dissatisfied, but the result gave us another opinion of her.

Mlle. Gregoire sang the part of Mignon very successfully indeed, the more when one considers that she had to sing it almost absolutely unprepared. That we like Paola better, we will not deny, but not having heard that singer before, we should be contented with her replacement. The romance 'Connais-tu le pays où fleurit l'orange' was really finely sung and duly applauded. The 'adieu scene' was very well acted; we liked the singing of this part less. The part in the last act when Mignon remembers her childhood was well acted too, and our opinion is that the whole 'role' might have been in much worse hands.

In 'La Fille de Mme. Angot' she had a more difficult part to undertake, replacing a singer who, like Marie, had sung that role during a whole year in Paris, and whose very low organ renders her quite a speciality for the piece. Mlle. Gregoire did not displease us, although her voice and acting were rather weak in some parts and notably in the

aria 'Ah! c'est donc toi, madame Barras,' we would recommend her strongly to be a little more 'La dame de la Halle' in this. The air 'Je vous dois tout, moi l'enfant de la Halle' was very well sung, and the choruses were very bad there, and the orchestra seemed out of order; the duo between Clairette and Ange Piton was satisfactory too; M. Nigri acts well, but his voice was not very pure; the part 'Ca se fait, mais ça ne se dit pas' was sung with that air of wounded 'amour propre' that belongs to it. The aria 'Jadis les rois, race prosaïque' was very well sung indeed, we could not have expected it better from Paola. The air 'Vous aviez fait de la dépense' was not bad; in fact, we can only repeat what we said before, considering that Mlle. Gregoire had no time to repeat anything and was obliged to undertake 'à l'improviste' the parts of Mlle. Paola, we can but compliment her on the excellent manner in which she has entertained the public, which showed itself contented with her singing, by repeated bravos.

We will not end without offering our compliments to Mlle. Leroux, who sang her part very finely. M. Perret, as Trenitz was very successful; the choruses were, speaking in general, not bad; the air 'des conspirateurs' was repeated. The acting of Mr. Tauffenberger was, as always, very notable. This gentleman is one of the best comic actors in the company.

The new piece Piccolino will more than probably not be sung before next Saturday. We hope to see Mlle. Paola, who is very seriously indisposed, owing to overworking better tonight, when she intends to take her benefit in La Perichole, and wish her for this occasion a house crowded to the roof and an enthusiastic public to applaud her.

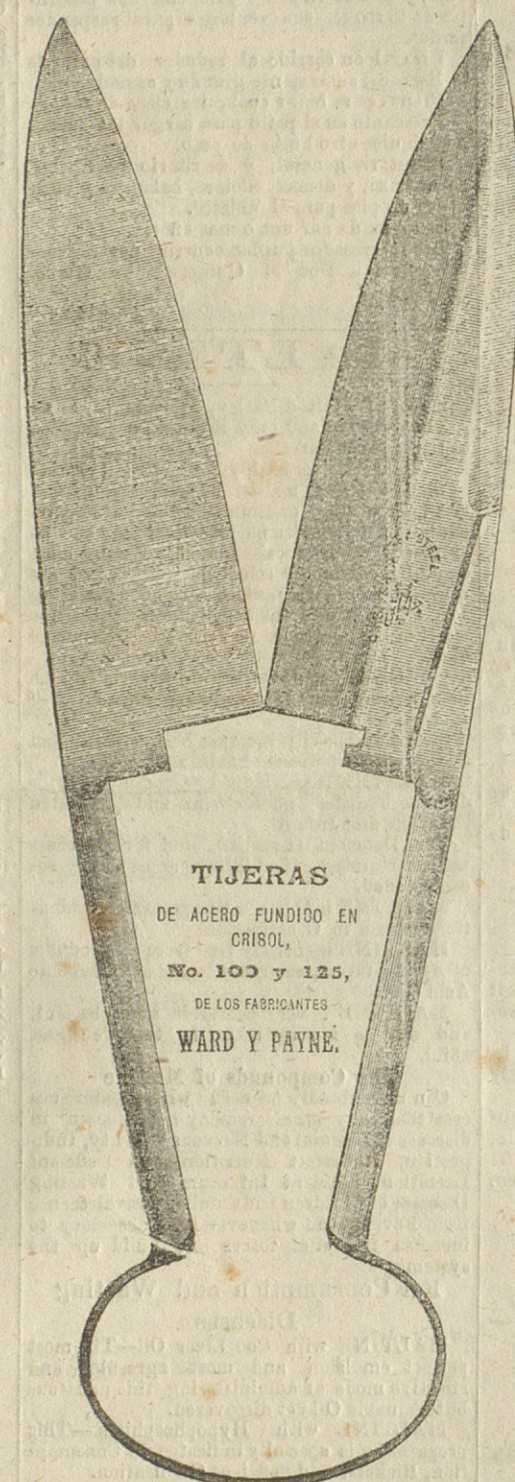
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Oct. 12th, 11 a.m. OLAVARRIA, Mr. Ed-

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Oct. 16th, 11 a.m. SAUZE CORTO, Mr.

Muggeridge's.

Oct. 18th, 7 p.m., FUERTE ARGENTINO

Mr. Walker's.

Oct. 20th, 7 p.m. BAHIA BLANCA, Mr.

Fren's.

Oct. 23rd, 11 a.m. SAUZE GRANDE, Mr.

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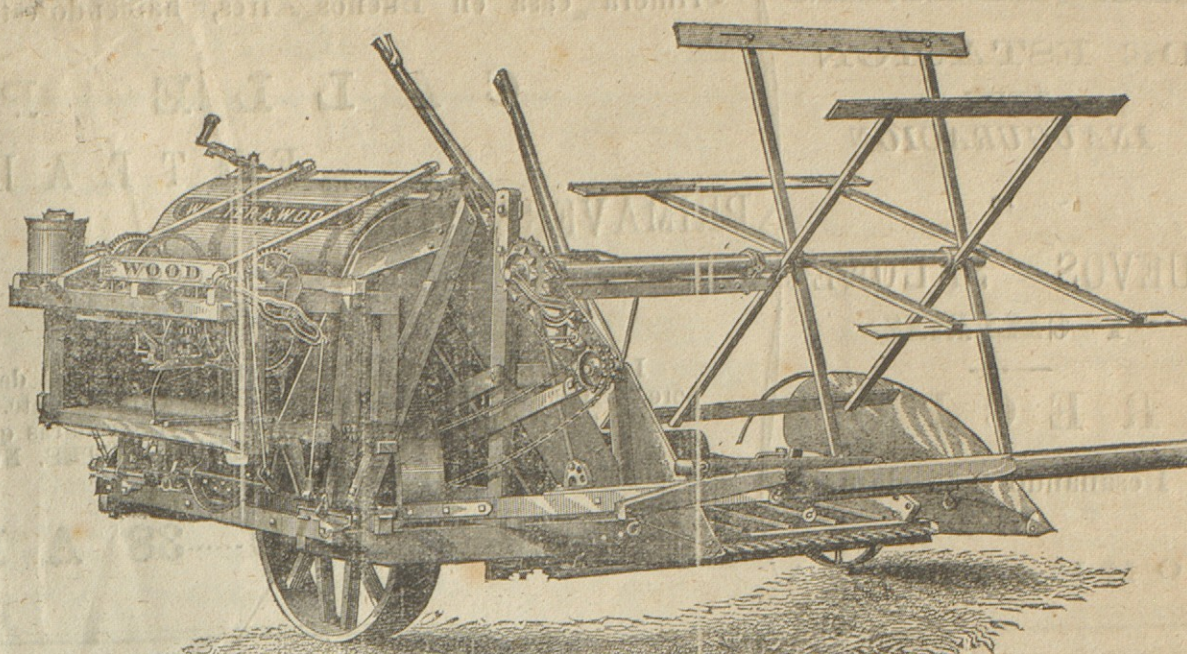
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Walter A. Wood's Twine Binder.

Osborne's Wire Binder, Osborne's

Twine Binder, McCormack's

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Twine Binder, Deering's

Twine Binder.

(The Judges in making their awards did not take into account the material used in bind-

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Caballito	5.45	7.0	8.45	9.55	12.40	3.40	4.45	5.50	7.30
Flora	5.55	7.15	8.55	10.05	12.50	3.35x	4.45	5.50	7.45
Flora	6.05	7.25	9.05	10.15	13.00	3.35x	4.45	5.50	7.60
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Flora	7.25	8.45	10.25	11.35	14.20	3.40	4.55	5.60	8.80
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Flora	11.15	12.35	14.15	15.25	18.10	3.40	4.55	5.60	12.25
Flora	11.25	12.45	14.25	15.35	18.20	3.40	4.55	5.60	12.40
Flora	11.35	12.55	14.35	15.45	18.30	3.40	4.55	5.60	12.55
Flora	11.45	13.05	14.45	15.55	18.40	3.40	4.55	5.60	12.70
Flora	11.55	13.15	14.55	16.05	18.50	3.40	4.55	5.60	12.85
Flora	12.05	13.25	15.05	16.15	19.00	3.40	4.55	5.60	13.00
Flora	12.15	13.35	15.15	16.25	19.10	3.40	4.55	5.60	13.15
Flora	12.25	13.45	15.25	16.35	19.20	3.40	4.55	5.60	13.30
Flora	12.35	13.55	15.35	16.45	19.30	3.40	4.55	5.60	13.45
Flora	12.45	14.05	15.45	16.55	19.40	3.40	4.55	5.60	13.60
Flora	12.55	14.15	15.55	17.05	19.50	3.40	4.55	5.60	13.75
Flora	13.05	14.25	16.05	17.15	20.00	3.40	4.55	5.60	13.90
Flora	13.15	14.35	16.15	17.25	20.10	3.40	4.55	5.60	14.05
Flora	13.25	14.45	16.25	17.35	20.20	3.40	4.55	5.60	14.20
Flora	13.35	14.55	16.35	17.45	20.30	3.40	4.55	5.60	14.35
Flora	13.45	15.05	16.45	17.55	20.40	3.40	4.55	5.60	14.50
Flora	13.55	15.15	16.55	18.05	20.50	3.40	4.55	5.60	14.65
Flora	14.05	15.25	17.05	18.15	21.00	3.40	4.55	5.60	14.80
Flora	14.15	15.35	17.15	18.25	21.10	3.40	4.55	5.60	14.95
Flora	14.25	15.45	17.25	18.35	21.20	3.40	4.55	5.60	15.10
Flora	14.35	15.55	17.35	18.45	21.30	3.40	4.55	5.60	15.25
Flora	14.45	16.05	17.45	18.55	21.40	3.40	4.55	5.60	15.40
Flora	14.55	16.15	17.55	19.05	21.50	3.40	4.55	5.60	15.55
Flora	15.05	16.25	18.05	19.15	22.00	3.40	4.55	5.60	15.70
Flora	15.15	16.35	18.15	19.25	22.10	3.40	4.55	5.60	15.85
Flora	15.25	16.45	18.25	19.35	22.20	3.40	4.55	5.60	16.00
Flora	15.35	16.55	18.35	19.45	22.30	3.40	4.55	5.60	16.15
Flora	15.45	17.05	18.45	19.55	22.40	3.40	4.55	5.60	16.30
Flora	15.55	17.15	18.55	20.05	22.50	3.40	4.55	5.60	16.45
Flora	16.05	17.25	19.05	20.15	23.00	3.40	4.55	5.60	16.60
Flora	16.15	17.35	19.15	20.25	23.10	3.40	4.55	5.60	16.75
Flora	16.25	17.45	19.25	20.35	23.20	3.40	4.55	5.60	16.90
Flora	16.35	17.55	19.35	20.45	23.30	3.40	4.55	5.60	17.05
Flora	16.45	18.05	19.45	20.55	23.40	3.40	4.55	5.60	17.20
Flora	16.55	18.15	19.55	21.05	23.50	3.40	4.55	5.60	17.35
Flora	17.05	18.25	20.05	21.15	24.00	3.40	4.55	5.60	17.50
Flora	17.15	18.35	20.15	21.25	24.10	3.40	4.55	5.60	17.65
Flora	17.25	18.45	20.25	21.35	24.20	3.40	4.55	5.60	17.80
Flora	17.35	18.55	20.35	21.45	24.30	3.40	4.55	5.60	17.95
Flora	17.45	19.05	20.45	21.55	24.40	3.40	4.55	5.60	18.10
Flora	17.55	19.15	20.55	22.05	24.50	3.40	4.55	5.60	18.25
Flora	18.05	19.25	21.05	22.15	25.00	3.40	4.55	5.60	18.40
Flora	18.15	19.35	21.15	22.25	25.10	3.40	4.55	5.60	18.55
Flora	18.25	19.45	21.25	22.35	25.20	3.40	4.55	5.60	18.70
Flora	18.35	19.55	21.35	22.45	25.30	3.40	4.55	5.60	18.85
Flora	18.45	20.05	21.45	22.55	25.40	3.40	4.55	5.60	19.00
Flora	18.55	20.15	21.55	23.05	25.50	3.40	4.55	5.60	19.15
Flora	19.05	20.25	22.05	23.15	26.00	3.40	4.55	5.60	19.30
Flora	19.15	20.35	22.15	23.25	26.10	3.40	4.55	5.60	19.45
Flora	19.25	20.45	22.25	23.35	26.20	3.40	4.55	5.60	19.60
Flora	19.35	20.55	22.35	23.45	26.30	3.40	4.55	5.60	19.75
Flora	19.45	21.05	22.45	23.55	26.40	3.40	4.55	5.60	19.90
Flora	19.55	21.15	22.55	24.05	26.50	3.40	4.55	5.60	20.05
Flora	20.05	21.25	23.05	24.15	27.00	3.40	4.55	5.60	20.20
Flora	20.15	21.35	23.15	24.25	27.10	3.40	4.55	5.60	20.35
Flora	20.25	21.45	23.25	24.35	27.20	3.40	4.55	5.60	20.50
Flora	20.35	21.55	23.35	24.45	27.30	3.40	4.55	5.60	20.65
Flora	20.45	22.05	23.45	24.55	27.40	3.40	4.55	5.60	20.80
Flora	20.55	22.15	23.55	25.05	27.50	3.40	4.55	5.60	20.95
Flora	21.05	22.25	24.05	25.15	28.00	3.40	4.55	5.60	21.10
Flora	21.15	22.35	24.15	25.25	28.10	3.40	4.55	5.60	21.25
Flora	21.25	22.45	24.25	25.35	28.20	3.40	4.55	5.60	21.40
Flora	21.35	22.55	24.35	25.45	28.30	3.40	4.55	5.60	21.55
Flora	21.45	23.05	24.45	25.55	28.40	3.40	4.55	5.60	21.70
Flora	21.55	23.15	24.55	26.05	28.50	3.40	4.55	5.60	21.85
Flora	22.05	23.25	25.05	26.15	29.00	3.40	4.55	5.60	22.00
Flora	22.15	23.35	25.15	26.25	29.10	3.40	4.55	5.60	22.15
Flora	22.25	23.45	25.25	26.35	29.20	3.40	4.55	5.60	22.30
Flora	22.35	23.55	25.35	26.45	29.30	3.40	4.55	5.60	22.45
Flora	22.45	24.05	25.45	26.55	29.40	3.40	4.55	5.60	22.60
Flora	22.55	24.15	25.55	27.05	29.50	3.40	4.55	5.60	22.75
Flora	23.05	24.25	26.05	27.15	30.00	3.40	4.55	5.60	22.90
Flora	23.15	24.35	26.15	27.25	30.10	3.40	4.55	5.60	23.05
Flora	23.25	24.45	26.25	27.35	30.20	3.40	4.55	5.60	23.20
Flora	23.35	24.55	26.35	27.45	30.30	3.40	4.55	5.60	23.35
Flora	23.45	25.05	26.45	27.55	30.40	3.40	4.55	5.60	23.50
Flora	23.55	25.15	26.55	28.05	30.50	3.40	4.55	5.60	23.65
Flora	24.05	25.25	27.05	28.15	31.00	3.40	4.55	5.60	23.80
Flora	24.15	25.35	27.15	28.25	31.10	3.40	4.55	5.60	23.95
Flora	24.25	25.45	27.25	28.35	31.20	3.40	4.55	5.60	24.10
Flora	24.35	25.55	27.35	28.45	31.30	3.40	4.55	5.60	24.25
Flora	24.45	26.05	27.45	28.55	31.40	3.40	4.55	5.60	24.40
Flora	24.55	26.15	27.55	29.05	31.50	3.40	4.55	5.60	24.55
Flora	25.05	26.25	28.05	29.15	32.00	3.40	4.55	5.60	24.70
Flora	25.15	26.35	28.15	29.25	32.10	3.40	4.55	5.60	24.85
Flora	25.25	26.45	28.25	29.35	32.20	3.40	4.55	5.60	25.00
Flora	25.35	26.55	28.35	29.45	32.30	3.40	4.55	5.60	25.15
Flora	25.45	27.05	28.45	29.55	32.40	3.40	4.55	5.60	25.30
Flora	25.55	27.15	28.55	30.05	32.50	3.40	4.55	5.60	25.45
Flora	26.05	27.25	29.05	30.15	33.00	3.40	4.55	5.60	